TITLE OF UNIT #3: DATE PRESENTED	Les événements de m DATE DUI		COURSE: Frem		
OVERVIEW OF UNI	T:				
using the passé co say the different p with a health care Students will also	inue their study of the pas omposé with être. They w parts of the body and how professional about ailmen go on a virtual tour of Par ief histories of the various	ill learn how to to communicate nts and injuries. is, researching		v would you get he or i	ou go yesterday? elp in French if you are njured? st-see sights in Paris?
STANDARDS: MMUNICATION CULTUR	RES CONNECTIONS	COMPARISONS	COMMUNITIES	READING	WRITING
municate in more one language in r to function in a ty of situations and ultiple purposes terpersonal ommunication resentational ommunication	d disciplines and acquire information in order to use tural the language to function in academic and career- related situations • Making Connections:	 Develop insight into the nature of language and culture in order to communicate and function with cultural competence Language Comparisons Cultural Comparisons: 	Communicate and function with cultural competence in order to participate in multilingual communities at home and around the world • School and Community • Lifelong Learning:	 Key Ideas and Details Craft and Structure Integration of knowledge Range of Reading 	 Text Types and Purposes Production and Distribution Research to Build and Present Knowledge Range of Writing
 information, reactions, feelings, and 1.1.1 accurate pronunciation 1.1.2 formal/informal greetings a 1.1.3 numbers 1.1.4 adjective agreement 1.1.5 questions and answers with 1.1.6 sentence structure to susta 1.1.7 directions, commands and i 1.1.8 exchange information 1.1.9 French role-playing situatio 1.1.10 opinions, preferences, an 1.1.11 information on a variety o 1.1.21 arge of collaborative disc and sentence structure 1.1.3 short presentations in Fre 1.1.4 Prepare, illustrate, and pr 1.1.5 prepare and record origin 1.1.6 benchmarks from French SL8.1 range of collaborative disc SL8.5 multimedia and visual disg L.3.3 language and its conventior 2. Understand, interpret, and analyze 1.2.1 alphabet, basic sound/lette 1.2.3 verbal instructions to perfo 1.2.4 vocabulary, parts of speech 1.2.5 Infers meaning via situation 1.2.7 spoken and written messag 	poken, signed, or written conversations to d opinions. and introductions in core vocabulary in conversation instructions ns d feelings. f topics ussions using correct subject/verb agreeme ench on a variety of topics esent materials in French al materials i ussions ilays into presentations is what is heard, read, or viewed on a variety r relationships ins, adjectives, and articles. rm specific tasks in French related to daily classroom activiti ges in French not topics of personal interest ion from and accessible French-language m s and dialogues lation inunciation and vocabulary exist	ent 3.2 ent 3.2 of topics	products and perspectives of 2.2.1 products and perspectives of 2.2.2 music and watches F 2.2.4 differences and sim RI.6.7. integrates informat mections: Build, reinforce, and expand 1 relop critical thinking and to solve 3.1.2 parts of speech 3.1.3 oral presentational s 3.1.4 technology skills 3.1.5 arts, geography, tect SL.9-10.5 strategic use of d Access and evaluate informati 3.2.1 research strategies 3.2.2 appropriate reading 3.2.3 his/her culture and li 3.2.4 Listens attentively ar W.9-10.7 short as well as r L.5.3 understanding of fig mparisons: Use the language to investig: through comparisons of the 4.1.1 grammatical structur 4.1.2 cognates/false cogna 4.1.3 idiomatic expression 4.1.4 predicts the meaning 4.1.5 onstruction of nega 4.1.6 differences in langua 4.1.7 pronunciation syste L.8.5) figurative language, Use the language to investig: through comparisons of the c 4.2.1 differences and simil	ectives that define the French- rench-language film or televis ilarities that distinguish French in in different media or form their knowledge of other discip e problems creatively. skills unology igital media ion and diverse perspectives th strategies festyle to others' da analyzes various perspectives more sustained research proje urative language, word relatio ate, explain, and reflect on the language studied and their ow re between French and English tes and derivatives. s g of words tives g characteristics, e.g. gender	speaking cultures ion n cultures from each other ats plines while using the language to hat are available. es cts nships, and nuances in word meaning enature of language in. agreement and syntax. es c concept of culture

- SL.8.5 multimedia and visual displays
- L7.3 target language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening
 Present information, concepts, and ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate on

North Smithfield and Burrillville School Districts

community and the globalized world.

5.1 Use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their

- a variety of topics using appropriate media and adapting to various audiences of listeners, readers, or viewers.
 - 1.3.1 write informational text
 - 1.3.2 present informational texts W.8.1 argument pieces on topics or texts
 - W.8.1 argument pieces on topics or t W.8.2 informative/explanatory texts
 - W.8.2 Informative/explanatory texts W.8.3 narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events
 - W.6.5 strengthens writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new
 - approach
 - SL.8.5 multimedia components
 - L.7.2 command of the conventions of the target language
 - L.5.3 knowledge of language and its conventions

Cultures:

2.1 Use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied.

- 2.1.1 location of the French speaking countries of the world
- 2.1.2 unique social customs and traditions
- 2.1.3 art and history of France
- RI 6.7 information presented in different media or formats
- RI 5.9 information from several texts on the same topic RI 6.2 central idea of a text
- RI 6.2 central idea of a text

Expectations for Student Learning (High School only):

- ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:
- Passé compose with être (Dr. Mrs. Van Der Tramp and reflexive verbs)
- Relative pronouns qui and que
- Places in the city
- Prepositions
- Pronoun y
- Parisian monuments
- Bastille Day
- Other holidays

PRIOR KNOWLEDGE:

- Passé composé with avoir
- Irregular past participles
- Reflexive Verbs in present tense
- Body parts
- Clothing
- Ailments & injuries
- Verbs ouvrir & souffrir
- Daily routine
- Chores
- Furniture
- Table settings

Review Level One basics, including pronunciation, numbers, calendar, descriptions, making polite requests, etc.

Present tense review and expand

- Regular (ER/IR/RE)
- o Review avoir, être, faire, aller, pouvoir, vouloir, prendre
- o Irregular verbs mettre, devoir, écrire, dire, sortir, partir, dormir, server
- $\circ~$ Idiomatic expressions with avoir and ${\rm \hat{e}tre}$
- Savoir & connaître
- Interrogatives
- Foods
 - $\circ~$ Likes & dislikes
 - Partitive article
 - \circ Pronoun en
 - $\circ~\mbox{Expressions}$ of quantity
 - Specialty shops
- French cultural activities (cinema, popular music, art)

- 5.1.1 examples of the target language in daily life.
- 5.1.2 knowledge of the target language and culture 5.1.3 international media and the arts
- 5.1.4 target language in the school community
- W.9.2 informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic
- W.9.5 strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting
- W.9.7 research projects
- 5.2 Set goals and reflect on their progress in using languages for enjoyment, enrichment,
 - and advancement 5.2. 2 interpersonal skills in the target language, e.g. listening politely, working in groups, and
 - 5.2.2 Interpersonal skills in the target language, e.g. listening politely, working in groups, and communicating effectively.
 5.2.4 listens to and sings along to music in the target language.
 - S.2.4 listens to and sings along to music in the target language. SL.8.1 discussions
 - L.5.3 knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening

NEW KNOWLEDGE:

1.1 Interact and negotiate meaning in spoken, signed, or written conversations to share information, reactions, feelings, and opinions.

Essentia		dge_and Skills	Academic
	1.1.1	Use accurate pronunciation.	vocabulary
	1.1.2	Employ formal/informal greetings and introductions.	 comparative
	1.1.3	Apply numbers (1-1,000,000) to a variety of situations, e.g. currency/weather/ measurement	adjectives/
	114	conversions, math problems, time, etc.	superlative
	1.1.4 1.1.5	Uses adjective agreement to describe people, places, situations, and objects. Construct questions and answers involving the core vocabulary and	adjectives
	1.1.5	related ideas	 conversation
		adverbs	 conversions
		agreeing/disagreeing/opinions	o gastronomie
		 ailments and injuries 	 idiomatic
		art	expressions
		Bastille Day	 interact
		 body parts and clothing 	
		 childhood activities 	 interrogative
		 comparative adjectives/ superlative adjectives 	 negative
		correspondences	expressions
		expressions of quantity	 negotiate
		 food/fruit/vegetables 	
		• furniture	
		greetings/introductions	
		 grooming products/ daily hygiene/daily routine 	
		 holidays 	
		idiomatic expressions with avoir and faire	
		interrogatives	
		likes/dislikes	
		meals/food/beverages	
		means of transportation	
		nature/ topographic terms	
		 negative expressions, e.g. personne, rien, etc. 	
		ordinal numbers	
		 personal/physical characteristics (adjectives) 	
		physical well-being	
		places in the city	
		prepositions	
		professions	
		quantities	
		regional French products/gastronomie	
		specialty food shops	
		sports/leisure activities	
		table-settings	
		travel/ airport/train	
L.1.6	Demons	strate mastery of sentence structure in order to sustain a conversation and/or presentation in French.	
.1.7	Give an	d follow directions, commands and instructions in French related to daily classroom activities.	
l.1.8	-	e information in the target language.	
1.1.9	-	ate in French role-playing situations where they request and receive information, goods, and services.	
1.1.10		pinions, preferences, and feelings in French with classmates.	
1.1.11		information on a variety of topics.	
1.1.12		effectively in a range of collaborative discussions using correct subject/verb agreement and sentence	
1.1.13	structur		
1.1.13		and present brief reports in French about personal experiences, school happenings, and current events. , illustrate, and present materials in French such as advertisements, posters, menus, and fashion shows.	
1.1.14		and record original materials in French, e.g. skits and newscasts.	
L.1.15		all the benchmarks from French I in greater depth, content, and complexity.	
		ate Standards – ELA	
		tively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners	
	arado 9 t	opics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. (SL.8. 1)	1

 Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen cla add interest. (SL.8.5) 	ims and evidence, and
 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. (L Expands, combines, and reduces sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style. 	
 Sample Progress Indicators Use French with culturally appropriate gestures in everyday social situations, such as greeting, leave introductions. Give and follow instructions in French related to daily classroom activities. Engage in French role-play situations where they request and receive information, goods, and service restaurant and ordering food. Share opinions, preferences, and feelings in French with their classmates. Exchange information in French via notes, letters or e-mail on familiar topics, such as personal intervious of the service of the service	ces, such as going to a www.glencoe.com www.quia.com www.studyspanish .com www.wordreferen
experiences, school activities, and family life. Use French to discuss reading selections, songs, and videos from francophone cultures.	(educational)

1.2 Understand, interpret, and analyze what is heard, read, or viewed on a variety of topics.

1.2.1	Utilize alphabet, sound/letter relationships (i.e., consonants, vowels, blends, and accent marks).	Academic vocabulary
1.2.2	Distinguish number and gender of nouns, adjectives, and articles.	 affirmative and
1.2.3	Follow verbal instructions to perform specific tasks and to answer questions.	negative
1.2.4	Recognize and use:	 auxiliary verb
	subject verb agreement	 comparative
	adverbs	 demonstrative
	comparative and superlative adjectives	• en
	demonstrative adjectives and pronouns	 imperative
	infinitives	 imperfect
	present tense irregular verbs	 infinitives
	 pouvoir, vouloir, prendre, mettre, devoir, écrire, dire, ouvrir, souffrir, sortir, partir, dormir, servir, 	 irregular
	 partitive article in affirmative and negative sentences 	 object
	prepositions	 partitive
	 passé composé 	 passé composé
	 regular verbs with avoir 	 reflexive
	 verbs with irregular past participles 	 regular
	 verbs that use être as an auxiliary verb 	 relative pronouns
	 reflexive verbs 	 subject
	 present tense 	 superlative
	 introduce passé composé and imperfect 	tense
	 stem changing verbs 	• y
	 pronouns 	
	 subject 	
	direct object	
	 indirect object 	
	pronoun en	
	pronoun y relative propound qui and que	
	relative pronouns qui and que	
	imperfect tense	
	contractions with à and de	
	 savoir and connaître and present and passé composé istuard attacte the association of the same for the inner for the inner for the inner for the same for the sam	
4 3 5	 introduction to the uses of the passé composé vs. the imperfect 	
1.2.5	Infer meaning via situational, context clues, and cognates.	
1.2.6	Understand and follows oral and written directions in Spanish related to daily classroom activities.	
1.2.7	Understand spoken and written messages in Spanish on topics of personal interest, such as family life, leisure,	
1.2.8	sports, school activities, everyday occurrences, and current events. Demonstrate comprehension of information from and accessible French-language materials.	
1.2.8	Identify components of visual texts, e.g. travel schedules, menus, advertisements, etc.	
1.2.10	Identify main ideas of familiar texts and dialogues, e.g. literary, cultural, informational and visual.	
1.2.11	Employ appropriate intonation.	
1.2.12	Recognize that regional differences in pronunciation and vocabulary exist.	

1.2.13 Employ reading strategies such as cognate recognition, context, and syntax to facilitate understanding text.	g of the
1.2.14 Read for a variety of purposes to:	
increase and reinforce vocabulary	
 expand knowledge and cultural awareness 	
reinforce the conventions of the language	
1.2.16 Follow written instructions in French.	
1.2.17 Read a variety of narrative and informational texts.	
Common Core State Standards	
 Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively)as well as in words a coherent understanding of a topic or issue. (RI.6.7) 	to develop
• Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowle (RI.5.9)	edgeably.
 Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inference the text. (RI.4.1) 	ces from
• Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provides a summ text distinct from personal opinions or judgments. (RL.6.2)	nary of the
• Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, peaking, reading, or listening. (L.5.3)	
 Expands, combines, and reduces sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style. (L.5. Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evider add interest. (SL.8.5) 	
• Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. (L.7.3)	
 Uses target language effectively 	
 negation 	
 direct/indirect object pronouns 	
 past participles 	
 passé composé vs. imperfect 	
Sample Progress Indicators	Websites
Understand and follow oral and written directions in French related to daily classroom activities.	<u>www.conjuguemos.co</u>
 Understand spoken and written messages in French on topics of personal interest, such as family life, leisure ar activities, and everyday occurrences. 	nd school <u>m</u> • <u>www.glencoe.com</u>
 Understand and identify main ideas and principal characters in brief reading selections from francophone culture 	• <u>www.quia.com</u>
 Understand and identify main ideas and principal characters in one reading selections from trancophone curu Understand information from simple and accessible French-language materials, such as television programs, yo 	<u>www.studyspanish.co</u>
	<u></u>
magazines, the Internet, and videos.	• <u>www.wordreference.</u>
	om • youtube videos
	• yourube videos (educational)
	(caucational)

1.3. Present information, concepts, and ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate on a variety of topics using appropriate media and adapting to various audiences of listeners, readers, or viewers.

Essential Knowledge and Skills	Academic vocabulary
1.3.1 Write on a variety of informational topics to increase and reinforce cultural awareness and to reinforce the	 conventions
conventions of the language .	 cultural awareness
1.3.2 Present information on a variety of topics demonstrating speaking skills at grade level.	 reinforce
Common Core State Standards	
 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the 	
selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. W.8.2	
a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories;	
include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.	
W.8.2a	
b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and	
examples. W.8.2b	
c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. W.8.2c	
d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. W.8.2d	

e.	Establish and maintain a formal style. W.8.2e	
f.	Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented. W.8.2f	
• W	rite narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-	
str	ructured event sequences. W.8.3	
a.	Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters;	
	organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically. W8.3a	
b.	Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or	
	characters. W.8.3b	
с.	Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to	
	another, and show the relationships among experiences and events. W.8.3c	
d.	Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events. W.8.3d	
e.	Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events. W.8.3e	
ed	ith some guidance and support from peers and adults, develops and strengthens writing as needed by planning, revising, liting, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (W.6.5)	
	emonstrates command of the conventions of the target language capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. 7.2)	
• an	Integrates multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, ad add interest. (SL.8.5)	
• Us 0	ses knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. (L.5.3) Expands, combines, and reduces sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style. (L.5.3a)	
	ple Progress Indicators	<u>Websites</u>
	epare and present short announcements in French, such as the current date, time, and weather information.	 www.conjuguemos.c
	epare and present brief reports in French about personal experiences, school happenings, and current events.	om • www.glencoe.com
• Pr	epare, illustrate, and present materials in French, such as advertisements, posters, and menus.	 www.giencoe.com www.guia.com
• Dr	amatize poems, stories, songs, skits or short plays in French, for example, a Franco-African folk tale.	 www.studyspanish.co
• Pr	epare and record original materials in French, such as fashion shows, Mardi Gras parades, and video or audio	m
		 <u>www.wordreference.</u>
		<u>com</u>
		youtube videos
		(educational)

2.1 Use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied.

Essen	tial Knowledge and Skills	Academic vocabulary
2.1.1	Identify the location of the French- speaking countries.	 art and history
2.1.2	Explore the unique social customs and traditions of the French- speaking cultures.	customs
2.1.3	Explore the art and history of France.	 explore
		 traditions
Comr	non Core State Standards – ELA	
• Inte	egrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop	
a co	oherent understanding of a topic or issue. (RI.6.7)	
• Inte	egrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.	
(RI.	5.9)	
• Det	ermine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provides a summary of the text	
dist	inct from personal opinions or judgments. (RI.6.2)	
Samp	le Progress Indicators	<u>Websites</u>
•	Observe and use age-appropriate French verbal and nonverbal greetings in conversational exchanges.	 <u>www.dayofthedead.c</u>
•	Learn about and participate in activities enjoyed by young French-speaking people, such as games, sports, music,	<u>om</u>
	dance, drama, and celebrations.	 www.google.com
•	Identify the similarities and differences between school life in their own region and in one or more francophone	
	regions.	
•	Recognize and develop an awareness of the diversity of social customs in the French-speaking world; topics may	
	include family life, folklore, and typical holidays, such as Christmas, New Year's or Ramadan.	

•	Discuss generalizations that Americans may make about the people and customs of francophone cultures, such as "All	
	French people wear berets," "French-Canadians all play hockey," "and "Africans all dress in colorful native robes."	
•		

2.2 Use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied.

	Studieu.	1
Esse	ntial Knowledge and Skills	Academic vocabulary
2.2.1	Explore the products and perspectives that define the French-speaking cultures (e.g. art museums,	 artistic contributions
	monuments, foods and cultural icons).	 cultures
2.2.2	Listen to music and watches French-language film or television programs that are popular with young people in	 distinguish
	various parts of the world.	 explores
2.2.3	Learn about and recognize artistic contributions from French-speaking cultures in areas such as art,	• film
	music, dance, drama, theater, film, fashion, and cuisine.	• music
2.2.4	Recognize the differences and similarities that distinguish French-speaking cultures from each	 perspectives
	other.	 products
Com	mon Core State Standards – ELA	 recognize
•	Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively)as well as in words to	
	develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue. (RI.6.7)	
Sam	ple Progress Indicators	<u>Websites</u>
•	Identify and learn about products reflecting the lifestyle of people in various francophone communities, such as	 www.dayofthedead.c
	household items, clothing, and foods.	<u>om</u>
•	Identify the general characters and themes of French-language comic books, for example Astérix, Tintin, and Lucky	 www.google.com
-	Luke, and youth magazines, such as Okapi.	
•	Listen to music and watch French-language films or television programs that are popular with young people in various	
	parts of the world.	
•	Learn about and recognize artistic contributions from francophone cultures in areas such as art, music, dance, drama,	
	theater, film, fashion, and cuisine.	
•	Learn about and identify major scientific contributions from France and other francophone areas of the world, such as	
-		
	the development of pasteurization.	

3.1 Build, reinforce, and expand their knowledge of other disciplines while using the language to develop critical thinking and to solve problems creatively.

Essent	ial Knowledge and Skills	Academic vocabulary
3.1.2	Identify and utilizeparts of speech that include	 notations
	nouns	 parts of speech
	verbs	 recognize
	adverbs	 utilize
	• gerunds	
	subjects	
	adjectives	
	pronouns	
	interrogatives	
	prepositions	
	contractions	
3.1.3	Strengthen oral presentation skills in target language and English through	
	presentations	
	dialogues	
	role playing	
	communication activities, etc.	
3.1.4	Incorporate technology skills such as:	
	Internet research	
	Power Point M	
	to demonstrate understanding of the target language.	
3.1.5	Explore basic	
	arts	
	o dance	
	o music	

0	artists and their work	
-	by of the Spanish speaking world	
- BeoBrah	climate	
0	continents	
0	bodies of water	
technolog		
	research	
0		
0	Power point ™	
 Make strategic use c 	of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to	
•	of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to ding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. (SL.9-10.5)	

3.2 Access and evaluate information and diverse perspectives that are available.

3.2.1 3.2.2 3.2.3 3.2.4 Commo • Co sc de • De a.	Al Knowledge and Skills Utilize a variety of research strategies (e.g. summarizing, utilizing graphic organizers, note- taking). Employ appropriate reading strategies e.g. summarizing and jigsaw reading, read-aloud, determine meaning from context. Self-assess world views by comparing/contrasting his/her culture to others'. Listen attentively and analyzes various perspectives, e.g. nuances with language tu vs. vous. <u>In Core State Standards – ELA</u> Induct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or live a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, monstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. (W9-10.7) emonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings Interpret figurative language, including similes and metaphors, in context.	Academic vocabulary • comparing/contrasting • context • graphic organizers • nuances • perspectives • research • summarizing • utilize • world views
 Co so de De 	n Core State Standards – ELA induct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or live a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, monstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. (W9-10.7) emonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings	summarizingutilize
 Re pe Vi cit Ga sh In 	Progress Indicators ad, listen to, and talk about French-language folk tales, short stories, and poems that have been written for young ople. sit a local museum or consult art books to see how artists from francophone areas portray their country and fellow izens, for example, Haitian landscapes, masks from the Ivory Coast, portraits by Gauguin, and scenes by Watteau. other information from authentic French materials, such as books, newspapers, magazines or the Internet, to create ort reports on topics of interest, such as the Tour de France, a cycling competition. terview French speakers in their community about their childhood on topics such as family life, school, hobbies, and sure activities.	Websites www.conjuguemos.com www.glencoe.com www.quia.com www.studyspanish.com www.wordreference.com youtube videos

4.1 Use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own.

Essenti	al Knowledge and Skills	Academic vocabulary
4.1.1	Compare and contrast grammar and structure between French and English.	 cognates
4.1.2	Recognize and use cognates/false cognates and derivatives.	 compare and contrast
4.1.3	Recognize and use idiomatic expressions	 construction
4.1.4	Predict the meaning of words based on prior knowledge.	
		 derivatives

4.1. 4.1. 4.1.	6 Identify differences in language characteristics, e.g. gender agreement and syntax.	false cognatesgender agreementpredict
Con	nmon Core State Standards – ELA	 pronunciation
•	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. (L.8.5)	 syntax
	a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.	
	b. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.	
Sam	nple Progress Indicators	<u>Websites</u>
•	Demonstrate an awareness of the use of <i>tu</i> and <i>vous</i> (you) in conversations with children vs. conversations with adults.	 www.conjuguemos.com
•	Recognize the existence of grammatical gender in French, and their spoken and written language reflects that	• <u>www.glencoe.com</u>
•	Recognize the existence of grammatical gender in French, and their spoken and written language reflects that awareness, such as <i>II est français. Elle est française</i> (He/she is French).	• www.quia.com
•		 www.quia.com www.studyspanish.com
•	awareness, such as Il est français. Elle est française (He/she is French).	• www.quia.com
•	awareness, such as <i>II est français. Elle est française</i> (He/she is French). Recognize cognates in French as well as idiomatic expressions that may or may not have exact English equivalents, such as <i>regarder</i> vs. look at, watch, regard. Discover that English and French have their own critical sound distinctions that must be mastered to communicate	 www.quia.com www.studyspanish.com www.wordreference.com
•	awareness, such as <i>II est français. Elle est française</i> (He/she is French). Recognize cognates in French as well as idiomatic expressions that may or may not have exact English equivalents, such as <i>regarder</i> vs. look at, watch, regard.	 www.quia.com www.studyspanish.com www.wordreference.com youtube videos

4.2 Use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the concept of culture through comparisons of the cultures studied and their own.

4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.3 4.2.4 4.2.5 4.2.6 4.2.7 Comm • C s c	ial Knowledge and Skills Discuss the differences and similarities between American and French-speaking cultures. Identify different forms of social etiquette, e.g. forms of address, body language, and greetings. Compare cultural products and practices, e.g. sports, holidays, traditions, and foods. Compare social structures, e.g. families and school. Identifies elements of various French-speaking cultures. Compare dance and music of French-speaking countries to each other and to those of the US. Compare and explore various French-speaking cultures. compare and explore various French-speaking cultures. conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or olve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. (W.9.7) ntegrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and	Academic vocabulary body language compare cultural products and practices dance and music forms of address social etiquette
<u>Sampl</u> • C • V • V	e Progress Indicators Compare aspects of French and American daily life, such as school schedules, weekend activities, and vacations. Natch videos of young Francophones and contrast their verbal and nonverbal behavior patterns with the way American roung people would act and react in similar situations. Learn about holidays in France and other francophone countries and compare them to American holidays in terms of now they are celebrated and the underlying beliefs. Compare and contrast French-language and American proverbs.	Websites www.conjuguemos.com www.glencoe.com www.glencoe.com www.glencoe.com www.glencoe.com www.glencoe.com www.glencoe.com www.wordreference.co m youtube videos (educational)

5.1 Use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their community and the globalized world.

Essential Knowledge and Skills		
5.1.1	Share knowledge of the target language and culture with others.	authentic language
5.1.2	Access international media and the arts, e.g. Museum of Fine Arts and local museums.	 bilingualism
5.1.3	Use the target language in the school community, e.g.	careers
	 greeting one another in hallways in target language 	community
	 giving a weather report in the target language 	discuss
	writing a letter in the target language	 international
5.1.4	Begin to understand authentic language and culture through access to native speakers (NS) and	museums
	authentic reading materials.	 native speakers
		 reflect
Comm	on Core State Standards – ELA	 target language

t c c f	 quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. 	
S	Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or olve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, lemonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. (W.9.7)	
S	olve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject,	<u>Websites</u>
s c <u>Sampl</u> F	olve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, lemonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. (W.9.7) <u>e Progress Indicators</u> erform in French for a school or community cultural event.	• www.conjuguemos.com
s C Sampl F T	olve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, lemonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. (W.9.7) <u>e Progress Indicators</u> verform in French for a school or community cultural event. 'each French-language songs and simple conversational expressions to students at a local elementary school.	www.conjuguemos.com www.glencoe.com
s c <u>ampl</u> F T F	olve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, lemonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. (W.9.7) <u>e Progress Indicators</u> reform in French for a school or community cultural event. reach French-language songs and simple conversational expressions to students at a local elementary school. rarticipate in French Club activities which benefit the school or community.	<u>www.conjuguemos.co</u> <u>www.glencoe.com</u> <u>www.quia.com</u>
s c iampl F F F F	olve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, lemonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. (W.9.7) e Progress Indicators terform in French for a school or community cultural event. 'each French-language songs and simple conversational expressions to students at a local elementary school. 'articipate in French Club activities which benefit the school or community. 'alk about topics of mutual interest with exchange students from Frenchspeaking regions.	www.conjuguemos.co www.glencoe.com www.quia.com www.studyspanish.com
s c iampl F F F F F C T	olve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, lemonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. (W.9.7) e Progress Indicators terform in French for a school or community cultural event. 'each French-language songs and simple conversational expressions to students at a local elementary school. 'articipate in French Club activities which benefit the school or community. 'alk about topics of mutual interest with exchange students from Frenchspeaking regions. Jse French in a setting in the community, such as ordering food in a French restaurant.	www.conjuguemos.co www.glencoe.com www.quia.com www.studyspanish.com www.wordreference.com
S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	olve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, lemonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. (W.9.7) e Progress Indicators terform in French for a school or community cultural event. 'each French-language songs and simple conversational expressions to students at a local elementary school. 'articipate in French Club activities which benefit the school or community. 'alk about topics of mutual interest with exchange students from Frenchspeaking regions.	<u>www.conjuguemos.co</u> <u>www.glencoe.com</u> <u>www.quia.com</u>

5.2 Set goals and reflect on their progress in using languages for enjoyment, enrichment, and advancement

Esse	ential Knowledge and Skills	Academic vocabulary
5.2.	2 Display interpersonal skills in the target language, e.g. listening politely, working in groups,	 acquired
	and communicating effectively.	 apply
5.2.	3 Listen and sing along to music in the target language.	 communicating
Con	nmon Core State Standards – ELA	 enrichment
•	 Participates in discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. b. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. c. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas. d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented. (SL.8.1) Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. a. Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style. b. Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or poems. (L.5.3) 	interpersonal
Sam •	ple Progress Indicators Participate in sports, games or other French social and cultural activities.	Websites • www.conjuguemos.com
		 www.conjuguemos.com www.glencoe.com
•	Listen to music, sing songs, and become familiar with musical instruments representative of francophone cultures.	• www.quia.com
•	Attend a French play, movie or concert.	• www.studyspanish.com
•	Plan a real or imaginary trip to a francophone area and share their experience with others.	<u>www.wordreference.co</u>
•	Students read French comics or magazines for personal enjoyment.	<u>m</u>
•	Go to a local restaurant and order from a French-English menu, sampling the cuisine from francophone areas of the world, such as Quebec, France, Haiti, and Vietnam.	 youtube videos (educational)

•	Visit exhibits at local museums that present aspects of the francophone world.	
•	Explore French Internet sites for personal entertainment and enjoyment.	

	STED WORKS:		LITER	ARY TE	XTS		
			<u></u>				
	STORIES		POETRY		DRAMA		OTHER
	rature:						
	on Voyage cultural and						
	upplementary readings						
• P	auvre Anne series						
Info	rmational texts:						
• B	on Voyage cultural and						
SI	upplementary readings						
• P	arisian monuments						
			INFORM	ATIONAI	<u>TEXT</u>		
	NONFICTION		BIOGRAPHIES		MEMOIRS		SPEECHES, PUBL
							DOCUMENTS
VIT	IES, PRODUCTS, PERF(ORMAI	NCE, and ASSESSMEN	ITS : se	e curriculum		DOCUMENTS
	IES, PRODUCTS, PERFO	DRMAI 8.	ICE, and ASSESSMEN Graphic organizers	ITS: se 15.	e curriculum Multi-media/technology	21.	DOCUMENTS
VIT 1. 2.						21. 22.	
1.	Anecdotal records	8.	Graphic organizers	15.	Multi-media/technology		Research
1. 2.	Anecdotal records Class discussion	8.	Graphic organizers Informational text	15. 16.	Multi-media/technology Narrative writing	22.	Research Role playing
1. 2. 3.	Anecdotal records Class discussion Conferencing	8. 9.	Graphic organizers Informational text response	15. 16.	Multi-media/technology Narrative writing Non- linguistic	22. 23.	Research Role playing Rubrics/checklists
1. 2. 3. 4.	Anecdotal records Class discussion Conferencing Constructed responses	8. 9. 10.	Graphic organizers Informational text response Interviews	15. 16. 17.	Multi-media/technology Narrative writing Non- linguistic representations	22. 23. 24.	Research Role playing Rubrics/checklists Tests and quizzes
1. 2. 3. 4.	Anecdotal records Class discussion Conferencing Constructed responses Dramatization/role	8. 9. 10. 11.	Graphic organizers Informational text response Interviews Informative writing	15. 16. 17.	Multi-media/technology Narrative writing Non- linguistic representations Note taking and	22. 23. 24. 25.	Research Role playing Rubrics/checklists Tests and quizzes Technology Think-alouds

REQUIRED COMMON ASSESSMENTS

- Mid-term exam (HS)
- Final exam (HS)
- Common Task (HS)

Routine writing

- Timelines
- Outline
- Graphic organizers

- Focus on informational
- Parisian monuments

Focus on narrative

• Les événements de ma vie

HIGHER ORDER THINKING SKILLS: Web's Depth of Knowledge 2 – 4 or Bloom's Taxonomy

Web's Depth of Knowledge

- skill/conceptual understanding •
- strategic reasoning ٠
- extended reasoning

Bloom's Taxonomy

- apply •
- analyze ٠
- synthesize/create •
- evaluate •

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES:

Websites

- target language station (and other Internet
- www.actfl.org
- www.corestandards.org
- <u>www.ride.ri.gov</u>
- <u>http://coshoctonfip.wikispaces.com</u> (instructional strategies
- www.wordreference.com (on-line dictionary)
- www.conjuguemos.com
- www.duolingo.com
- www.frenchtutorial.com

Audio/video

- Ancillary textbook materials: CD programs, DVD program, "Video Marathon" review game
- Music CD's and digital files of popular music radio stations
- You Tube for music videos in target language, commercials, video clips of realia, learning for beginners
- Films in target language
- Voice memo recorder on i-phone to create audio books and audio vocabulary lists

Materials

- Flashcards
- Sentence strips
- · Calendars and clocks
- Realia, e.g. currency, posters, menus

VOCABULARY

- 1. acquired
- affirmative and 2. negative
- 3.
- apply
- art and history 4.
- artistic contributions 5.
- 6. authentic language
- 7. auxiliary verb
- 8. bilingualism
- 9. body language
- 10. careers
- 11. cognates
- 12. communicating
- 13. community 14. comparative
- adjectives/
- superlative adjectives 15. compare and contrast
- 16. construction
- 17. context

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- 18. conventions
- 19. conversation

- 20. conversions
- 21. cultural awareness
- 22. cultural products and practices
- 23. cultures
- 24. customs
- 25. dance and music
- 26. demonstrative
- 27. derivatives
- 28. discuss
- distinguish 29.
- 30. en
- 31. enrichment
- 32. explore 33. false cognates
- 34. film
- 35. forms of address
- 36. gastronomie
- 37. gender agreement
- 38. graphic organizers
- 39. idiomatic expressions
- 40. imperative

43. interact

42.

44. international

41. imperfect

45. interpersonal

infinitives

- 46. interrogatives
- 47. irregular
- 48. museums
- 49. music
- 50. native speakers
- 51. negative expressions
- 52. negotiate
- 53. notations
- 54. nuances
- 55. object
- 56. partitive
- 57. parts of speech
- 58. passé composé perspectives
- 59.
- 60. perspectives
- 61. predict
- 62. products

North Smithfield and Burrillville School Districts

*Referenced templates from Common Core Curriculum Maps, English Language Arts and The Understanding By Design Guide to Creating High Quality Units

63. pronunciation

- 64. recognize 65. reflect 66. reflexive
- 67. regular
- 68. reinforce
- 69. relative pronouns
- 70. research
- 71. social etiquette
- 72. subject
- 73. summarizing
- 74. superlative

78. traditions

80. world views

12

75. syntax 77. tense

79. utilize

81. y

76. target language

LESSON PLAN for UNIT (Complete this section during the school year)

LESSONS

- Lesson # 1 Summary:
- Lesson #2 Summary:
- Lesson #3 Summary:

OBJECTIVES for LESSON # _____

- Materials/Resources:
- Procedures:
 - Lead –in
 - Step by step
 - Closure

- Instructional strategies: see curriculum introduction
- Assessments: see curriculum introduction
 o Formative
 - Summative